

CHAT Web Design 1

Chapter 11

The Tiger Website – Focus on Layout and Style

You are going to be given the screen shots of a number of related web pages and your job is to create the HTML files and a single CSS file.

Site structure:

- The following files are provided:
 - Images: tiger.jpg, tigerhead.jpg, tigerlogo.png, HomeButton.png, FunFactsButton.png, Gallerybutton.png, LinksButton.png, and ContactButton.png
 - Text: Tigers.txt and Funfacts.txt
- Create HTML files using the same names as the text files (i.e. tigers.html and funfacts.html) and also create HTML files called “links.html” and “gallery.html”.
- Create a CSS file called “float.css”
- Create a folder called “tigers” to containing all of your files.
- Inside the “tigers” folder, create an “images” folder to contain all images.

File structure:

- Make sure your pages have all of the basic HTML requirements (doctype, meta, alt for images, etc.)
- Make use of <div> elements to give your pages structure.
- For the main page, either use a liquid layout or a jello layout to get the sidebar positioned as shown.
- Play with the margins and padding amounts to get the desired look.

Notes and Hints:

- Make a <div id=“navigation”> for the navigation buttons.
- The brown color used for headings is #522c00 and for the light orange background it is #ffc17f. For the darker orange background, open “tiger.jpg” in Gimp and use the dropper to come up with a matching color.
- Each navigation button is an image (provided) but must also be coded as a hyperlink. The “contact us” button should have the opening tag instead of an html file as the href.
- If you get stuck, refer to your book for properties.

Your additions:

- You need to find images and links for the “Gallery” and “Links” pages.

See the screen shots on the next pages!

← → C:\Users\owner\Docum... Tigers

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Tigers

Home Fun Facts Gallery Links Contact Us

The tiger is the largest member of the felid (cat) family. They sport long, thick reddish coats with white bellies and white and black tails. Their heads, bodies, tails and limbs have narrow black, brown or gray stripes. There were once nine subspecies of tigers: Bengal, Siberian, Indochinese, South Chinese, Sumatran, Malayan, Caspian, Javan and Bali. Of these, the last three are extinct, one is extinct in the wild, and the rest are endangered.

Diet

Tigers mainly eat ambar deer, wild pigs, water buffalo and antelope. Tigers are also known to hunt sloth bears, dogs, leopards, crocodiles and pythons as well as monkeys and hares. Old and injured tigers have been known to attack humans and domestic cattle.

Population

In the early 1900s, there were around 100,000 tigers throughout their range. Today, an estimated total of around 3,000-4,500 exist in the wild.

Range

Historic tiger range ran from Turkey through South and Southeast Asia to the far eastern shores of the continent. Today, they are only found in South and Southeast Asia, China and the Russian Far East.

Behavior

Tigers occupy a variety of habitats from tropical forests, evergreen forests, woodlands and mangrove swamps to grasslands, savannah and rocky country. They are mostly nocturnal (more active at night) and are ambush predators that rely on the camouflage their stripes provide. Tigers use their body weight to knock prey to the ground and kills with a bite to the neck. They are also very good swimmers and have been known to kill prey while swimming. Tigers essentially live solitary lives, except during mating season and when females bear young. They are usually fiercely territorial and have and mark their large home ranges.



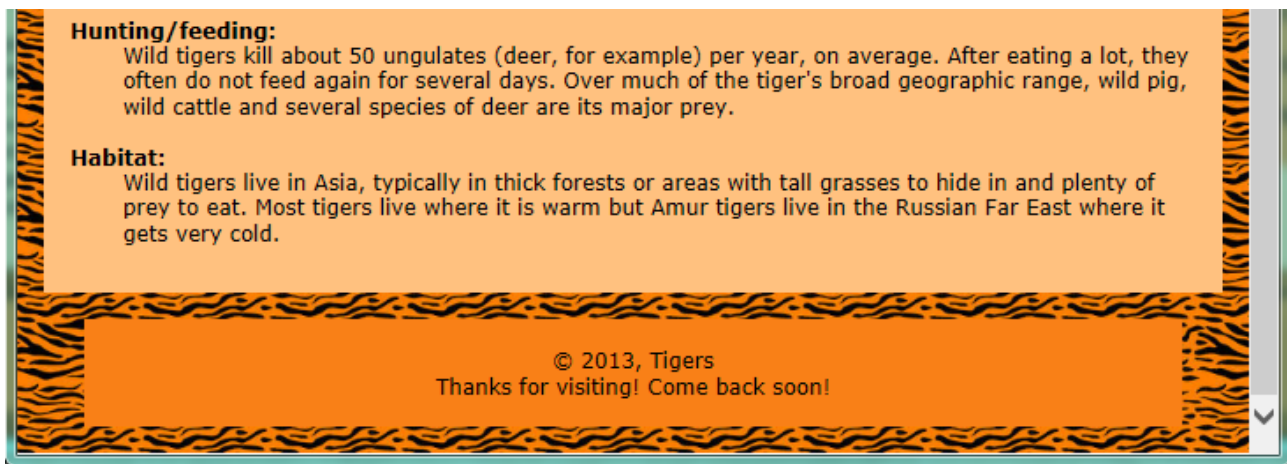
Scientific Classification

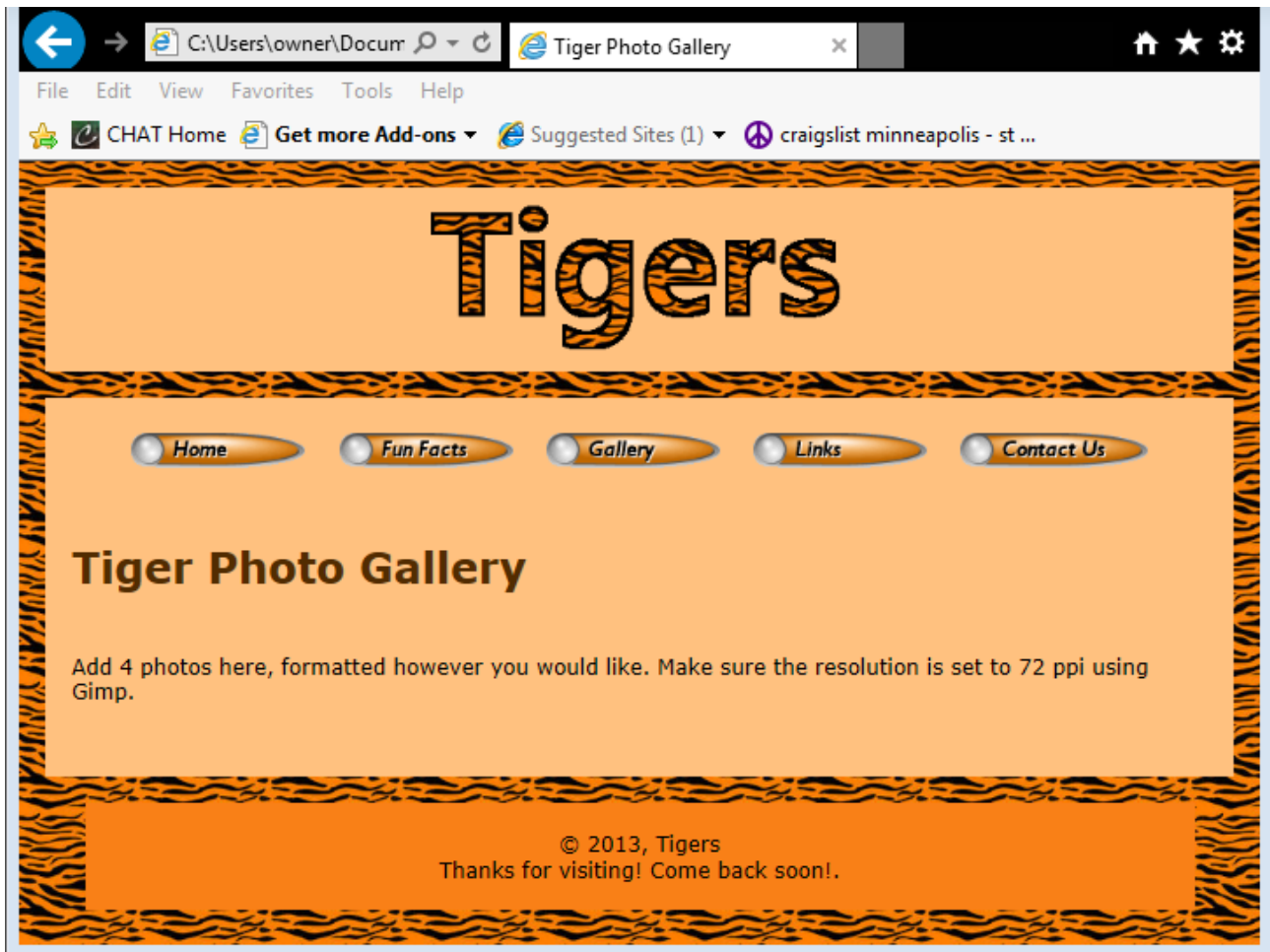
Kingdom: Animalia
Phylum: Chordata
Class: Mammalia
Order: Carnivora
Family: Felidae
Genus: Panthera
Species: P. tigris

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One more page.....keep scrolling down.

